

Of the 44,272 persons entering the United States from Canada in the year ended June 30, 1962, 30,377 were native-born Canadians—14,632 males and 15,745 females. Slightly more than one quarter, or 7,982, of the total native-born emigrants were males in the productive age group, 20-59 years. By occupation, the largest group of the total of 30,377 native-born persons was the professional or technical group which numbered 3,532; clerical or kindred workers numbered 3,062, and 1,639 were classed as craftsmen or foremen. On the other hand, 16,464 persons, or 54.2 p.c. of the total, were classed as housewives, children and others with no reported occupation. Altogether, 41.2 p.c. of the total were children under 20 years of age.

### 12.—Persons Entering the United States from Canada, Years Ended June 30, 1953-62

NOTE.—Includes only persons who have declared their intention of remaining permanently in the United States when applying for a visa (see text above). SOURCE: Immigration and Naturalization Service, United States Department of Justice.

Year	Canadian-Born	Total from Canada	Year	Canadian-Born	Total from Canada
	No.	No.		No.	No.
1953.....	28,967	36,283	1958.....	30,055	45,143
1954.....	27,055	34,873	1959.....	23,082	34,599
1955.....	23,091	32,435	1960.....	30,990	46,668
1956.....	29,533	42,363	1961.....	32,038	47,470
1957.....	33,203	46,354	1962.....	30,377	44,272

Of the 44,272 persons entering the United States from Canada claiming Canada as country of last permanent residence—which of course includes native-born persons and those born in other countries who have resided in Canada—the Immigration and Naturalization Service, United States Department of Justice, lists 5,561 as professional, technical and kindred workers, 4,394 as clerical and kindred workers and 3,833 as craftsmen, foremen and kindred workers. Housewives, children and others with no reported occupation accounted for 21,376, or 48.3 p.c. of the total.

## PART II.—CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP\*

Naturalization procedures and events leading to the passing of the Canadian Citizenship Act are given in the 1951 Year Book, pp. 153-155.

### Section 1.—The Canadian Citizenship Act

The Canadian Citizenship Act came into force on Jan. 1, 1947, its purpose being to give a clear definition of Canadian citizenship and provide an underlying community of status for all the people of Canada. Since Jan. 18, 1950, the administration of Canadian citizenship has been the responsibility of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration. The provisions of the Act and its several amendments are outlined in some detail in the 1955 Year Book, pp. 177-181. More briefly, they are given in the following paragraphs.

**Natural-Born Canadian Citizens, Born before Jan. 1, 1947.**—The Act conferred natural-born status upon two categories of persons in being on Jan. 1, 1947. These were (1) those born in Canada or on a Canadian ship or aircraft and who were not aliens on

\* Prepared in the Citizenship Registration Branch under the direction of the Deputy Minister, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Ottawa.